1. Check whether the discrete-time system with the following A matrix is asymptotically stable or not?

(a) 
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0.9 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

- (b) For the A matrix in part (a), please construct nonzero B and C matrices so that the overall system is BIBO.
- 2. Controllability: Considering the following system

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}, B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, C = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$
(1)

- (a) Is the system controllable?
- (b) Can you find a control input to steer the system from  $x_0 = [0, 0, 0, 0]^T$  to  $x_f = [1, 1, 1, 0]^T$ ? If not, explain why, otherwise find the control input sequence that drives the system from the origin to  $\hat{x}$  within the minimum number of steps.
- 3. **Observability**: Considering the following system

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 4 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}, B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, C = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$
(2)

- (a) Is the system observable?
- (b) Suppose u(k) = 0, for k = 0, 1 and  $y(0) = [1, 2]^T, y(1) = [3, 4]^T$ . Can you find two different initial states  $x_0^{(1)}$  and  $x_0^{(2)}$  that both agree with the given input output data.
- 4. Consider the motor speed control system under a discrete-time Proportional Integral (PI) controller as shown in Fig 1.
  - (a) Find the state-space model for the PI controller (from the error to the Armature voltage)
  - (b) Obtain the state-space model for the DC motor
  - (c) Write a Python code to simulate the closed-loop system response under the unit step input. Try to find a set of  $K_p$  and  $K_I$  so that the response has zero steady-state error. Attach your codes and the successful simulation plots.

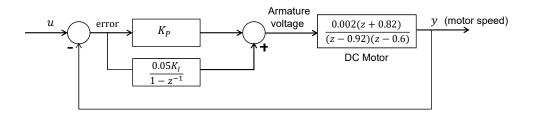


Figure 1: PI Controller for a DC Motor